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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/800,713	03/06/2001	Philip M. Abram	50N3704.01	4047
75	90 12/05/2003	EXAMINER		
VALLEY OA		WALLERSON, MARK E		
5655 SILVER ( #106	CREEK VALLEY ROAD	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SAN JOSE, CA 95138			2626	10
			DATE MAILED: 12/05/2003	IX

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/800,713

Applicant(s)

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Abram et al

Examiner

Mark Wallerson

Art Unit 2626



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with	the corres	spondence address			
	for Reply						
THE	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.		_	H(S) FROM			
mailing - If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any re	sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In g date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	the statutory minimum of thirty (30 and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro the application to become ABANDO	o) days will be om the mailin ONED (35 U.S	e considered timely. ng date of this communication. S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Aug 11, 2	2003		<u> </u>			
2a) 💢	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action	tion is non-final.					
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposi	ition of Claims						
4) 💢	Claim(s) 10-35, 47, and 48		is/are	pending in the application.			
4	4a) Of the above, claim(s)		is/ar	e withdrawn from consideration.			
5) 🗌	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.			
6) 💢				is/are rejected.			
7) 🗆	Claim(s)		. <u> </u>	is/are objected to.			
	Claims			tion and/or election requirement.			
	ation Papers						
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) $\square$ approved b) $\square$ disapproved by the Examiner.						
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
	13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
	a) All b) Some* c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority deposition application from the International Bure ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		this National Stage			
14) 🗌							
a) □	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic $\square$ The translation of the foreign language provisions			е).			
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic			) and/or 121			
Attachm		priority dilact oo o.o.c	,, 33 TZC	7 4110/01 121.			
	otice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-	-413) Paper I	No(s)			
2) No	otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent					
3) Inf	formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:					
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Application/Control Number: 09/800,713 Page 2

Art Unit: 2626

#### Part III DETAILED ACTION

### Notice to Applicant(s)

- 1. This action is responsive to the following communications: amendment filed on 8/11/2003.
- 2. This application has been reconsidered. Claims 10-35, 47 and 48 are pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

It is unclear whether "a coloring book" in line 5 of the claim is the same "a coloring book" in line 3 of the claim.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 34, 35, and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spector (U. S. 6,356,274) in view of Manico (U. S. 6,373,551) and Chee (U. S. 6,099,928).

With respect to claims 10, 15, 17, 34, 35, and 48, Spector discloses a method comprising rendering a line-art image from a digital image (which reads on converting a colored picture into a line drawing) (the abstract, lines 1-3); formatting a coloring book (the printed sheets) image rendered from the line-art image (column 2, lines 44-52), and printing the image (column 2, lines 44-52), wherein the coloring book image represents the digital image (column 2, lines 11-17) and includes at least one fillable area (color-in zones) (column 4, lines 45-51).

Spector differs from claims 10, 17, 34, 35, and 48, in that he does not clearly disclose receiving the digital image at a server and transmitting the coloring book image to a client.

Manico discloses a method for processing digital film using a coloring book algorithm (column 4, lines 45-62) wherein a digital image is received at a server (450) and transmitted to a client (column 5, lines 43-52). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector to receive the digital image at a server and transmit the coloring book image to a client. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector by the teaching of Manico in order allow the customer to easily obtain the image.

Spector as modified also differs from claims 10, 17, 34 and 35 in that he does not clearly disclose including the coloring book image with a story board and attaching plural images to form a coloring book.

Chee discloses a method for forming coloring books (column 3, lines 19-23) wherein plural images are attached (hinged) to form a book (column 3, lines 15-35) and including the coloring book image within a story board (figure 4 and column 7, lines 40-57). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector as modified to include the coloring book image with a story board and attach plural images to form a coloring book. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector as modified by the teaching of Chee in order to obtain a greater range of images.

With respect to claims 13, 14, 18, and 19, Spector differs from claims 13, 14, 18, and 19 in that he does not clearly disclose the printing is performed at a public kiosk.

Manico discloses a method for communication of digital images generated from film utilizing a kiosk (520) to generate and print the images (column 5, lines 43-52). Manico also discloses that a fee is charged for printing at the kiosk (column 4, lines 37-45). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector whereby the printing is performed at a public kiosk. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector by

Application/Control Number: 09/800,713

Page 5

Art Unit: 2626

the teaching of Manico in order to give the customer easier public access to produce the coloring sheets.

With respect to claims 16 and 20, Spector discloses the digital image covers the full range of colors (column 3, lines 50-66).

7. Claims 11 and 12, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spector in view of Manico and Chee as applied to claim 10 above, and further in view of Schipper (EP 0713788).

With respect to claims 11 and 12, Spector as modified differs from claims 11 and 12, in that he does not clearly disclose generating a color sample, assigning an image area to the sample and printing an index name and number with the sample. Schipper discloses dividing an image formed on an electronic camera into contoured fields or regions. The fields are given an identifier and the image is printed out, thereby enabling automatic generation of painting by numbers originals. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector as modified in order to assist the user in coloring the images.

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

9. Claims 21, 22, 26, 31, 32, 33, and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spector in view of Chee.

With respect to claims 21, 22, 26, 31, 33, and 47, Spector discloses a method comprising rendering a line-art image from a digital image (which reads on converting a colored picture into a line drawing) (the abstract, lines 1-3); formatting a coloring book (the printed sheets) image rendered from the line-art image (column 2, lines 44-52), transmitting the coloring book to the client (which reads on displaying or printing the image) (figure 4), and printing the image (column 2, lines 44-52), wherein the coloring book image represents the digital image (column 2, lines 11-17) and includes at least one fillable area (color-in zones) (column 4, lines 45-51).

Spector differs from claims 21, 33 and 47 in that he does not clearly disclose attaching plural images to form a coloring book.

Chee discloses a method for forming coloring books (column 3, lines 19-23) wherein plural images are attached (hinged) to form a book (column 3, lines 15-35). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector as modified to attach plural images to form a coloring book. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector as modified by the teaching of Chee in order to obtain a more compact book.

With respect to claim 32, Spector discloses the digital image covers the full range of colors (column 3, lines 50-66).

10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spector in view of Chee as applied to claim 21 above, and further in view of Schipper (EP 0713788).

With respect to claims 23-25, Spector as modified differs from claims 23-25, in that he does not clearly disclose generating a color sample, assigning an image area to the sample and printing an index name and number with the sample. Schipper discloses dividing an image formed on an electronic camera into contoured fields or regions. The fields are given an identifier and the image is printed out, thereby enabling automatic generation of painting by numbers originals. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector as modified in order to assist the user in coloring the images.

- 12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 13. Claims 27-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spector in view of Chee as applied to claims 21 and 26 above, and further in view of Manico.

Application/Control Number: 09/800,713

Page 8

Art Unit: 2626

With respect to claims 27, 28, 29, 30, Spector as modified differs from claims 27, 28, 29, 30 in that he does not clearly disclose the printing is performed at a public kiosk.

Manico discloses a method for communication of digital images generated from film utilizing a kiosk (520) to generate and print the images (column 5, lines 43-52). Manico also discloses that a fee is charged for printing at the kiosk (column 4, lines 37-45). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector as modified whereby the printing is performed at a public kiosk. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Spector as modified by the teaching of Manico in order to give the customer easier public access to produce the coloring sheets.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 10-35, 47 and 48 have been considered but 14. are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

15. All claims are rejected. Application/Control Number: 09/800,713

Art Unit: 2626

16. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new grounds of rejection. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See M.P.E.P. § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark Wallerson whose telephone number is (703) 305-8581.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, DC 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for formal communications intended for entry)

(for informal or draft communications, such as proposed amendments to be discussed at an interview; please label such communications "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

or hand-carried to:

Crystal Park Two 2121 Crystal Drive Arlington. VA.

Sixth Floor (Receptionist)

Mark Wallerson